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## Clean Version of Claims (9/20/02)

WE CLAIM:

An indole compound represented by the formula (I),
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or prodrug
 derivative thereof;

$$R_{5}$$
 $R_{7}$ 
 $R_{1}$ 
 $R_{2}$ 
 $R_{1}$ 
 $R_{2}$ 

wherein ;

 $R_1$  is selected from groups (a), (b), and (c) wherein;

- (a) is C7-C20 alkyl, C7-C20 haloalkyl, C7-C20 alkenyl, C7-C20 alkynyl or carbocyclic radical, or
- (b) is a member of (a) substituted with one or more independently selected non-interfering substituents;
  or
- (c) is the group -( $L_1$ )- $R_{11}$ ; where, -( $L_1$ )- is a divalent linking group of 1 to 8 atoms and where  $R_{11}$  is a group selected from (a) or (b);

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, or a group containing 1 to 4 nonhydrogen atoms plus any required hydrogen atoms; R3 is  $-(L_3)$  - Z, where  $-(L_3)$  - is a divalent linker group selected from a bond or a divalent group selected from:

and Z is selected from a group represented by the formulae,

or

wherein, X is oxygen and  $R_a$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkyl, aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkaryl,  $C_1$ - $C_8$  alkoxy, aralkyl and - $C_1$ - $C_8$ 

R4 is the group,  $-(L_C)$ -(acylamino acid group); wherein  $-(L_C)$ -, is an acylamino acid linker having an acylamino acid linker length of 1 to 8;

R5 is selected from hydrogen or a non-interfering substituent;

 $R_6$  and  $R_7$  are selected from hydrogen or a non-interfering substituent.

- 2. The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen,  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl,  $C_2-C_4$  alkenyl,  $-O-(C_1-C_3$  alkyl),  $-S-(C_1-C_3$  alkyl),  $C_3-C_4$  cycloalkyl,  $-CF_3$ , halo,  $-NO_2$ , -CN, or  $-SO_3$ .
- 4. The compound of Claim 1 wherein the acylamino acid linker group, -(Lc)-, for  $R_4$  is a divalent group selected from,

$$-\left\{ -CH_{2}-\right\}$$

7. The compound of claim 1 wherein for  $R_3$ , Z is the group represented by the formula;

and the linking group -( $L_3$ )- is a bond; and  $R_a$  is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, phenyl or benzyl.

8. The compound of claim 1 wherein for  $R_3$ , Z is the group represented by the formula;

and the linking group -( $L_3$ ) - is a bond; and  $R_a$  is hydrogen.

9. The compound of claim 1 wherein for  $R_3$ , Z is the group represented by the formula;

and the linking group  $-(L_3)$  - is a bond.

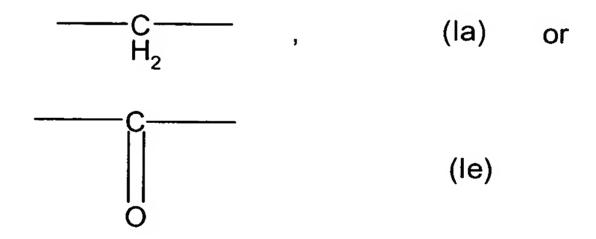
10. The compound of claim 1 wherein for  $R_3$ , Z is the group represented by the formula;

and the linking group  $-(L_3)$  - is a bond.

11. The compound of Claim 1 wherein, for R<sub>6</sub> the non-interfering substituent is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aralkyl, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkaryl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkenyl, phenyl, tolulyl, xylenyl, biphenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkynyloxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkoxyalkyloxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkylcarbonylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkoxyamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkylthiocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> haloalkyl,

C1-C8 hydroxyalkyl, -C(0)O(C1-C8 alkyl), -(CH2) $_{n}$ -O-(C1-C8 alkyl), benzyloxy, phenoxy, phenylthio, -(CONHSO2R), -CHO, amino, amidino, bromo, carbamyl, carboxyl, carbalkoxy, -(CH2) $_{n}$ -CO2H, chloro, cyano, cyanoguanidinyl, fluoro, guanidino, hydrazide, hydrazino, hydrazido, hydroxy, hydroxyamino, iodo, nitro, phosphono, -SO3H, thioacetal, thiocarbonyl, or carbonyl; where n is from 1 to 8.

12. The compound of Claim 1 wherein for  $R_1$  the divalent linking group -( $L_1$ )- is selected from a group represented by the formulae (Ia), (Ib), (Ic), (Id), (Ie), and (If):



13. The compound of claim 1 wherein the linking group -( $L_1$ ) - of  $R_1$  is -( $CH_2$ )-.

15. The compound of claim 1 wherein for  $R_1$  the group  $R_{11}$  is a substituted or unsubstituted carbocyclic radical selected from the group consisting of cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, phenyl, spiro[5.5]undecanyl, naphthyl, norbornanyl, bicycloheptadienyl, tolulyl, xylenyl, indenyl, stilbenyl, terphenylyl, diphenylethylenyl, phenyl-cyclohexenyl, acenaphthylenyl, and anthracenyl, biphenyl, bibenzylyl and related bibenzylyl homologues represented by the formula (a):

$$(CH_2)_n \qquad (a)$$

where n is a number from 1 to 8.

18. The compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_4$  is the group,  $-\left(L_C\right)-\left(\text{acylamino acid group}\right) \text{ and wherein the (acylamino acid group) is:}$ 

$$R_{4a}$$

and  $R^{4a}$  is selected from the group consisting of H, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxy, heteroaryl and aryl; and wherein NR<sup>4b</sup> is an amino acid residue with the nitrogen atom being part of the amino group of the amino acid.

- 21. A pharmaceutical formulation comprising a indole compound as claimed in claim 1 together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent therefor.
- 22. A method of inhibiting sPLA<sub>2</sub> mediated release of fatty acid which comprises contacting sPLA<sub>2</sub> with a therapeutically effective amount of indole compound as claimed in claim 1.
- 26. Use of a pharmaceutical composition comprising SPLA2 inhibitor compounds according to Claim 1 and mixtures thereof for treatment of Inflammatory Diseases comprising administering a therapeutic amount of said compound to a patient in need thereof.